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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. 09/849,068 05/04/2001 00-684 8156 Mark Jaworowski

08/13/2003

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EXAMINER VALENTINE, DONALD R

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1742

DATE MAILED: 08/13/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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, ,		Application No.	Applicant(s)	·
		09/849,068	JAWOROWSKI ET AL.	
ا کمت	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Donald R. Valentine	1742	
Period fo	Th MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cov r sheet with	the correspondenc address	
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a replyon. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH statute, cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	n <u>28 July 2003</u> .		
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.		
3) [Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice units and Claims			is
·	ion of Claims Claim(s) 1.10 is/are pending in the applic	ention		
4)[Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5)				
· —	Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 10</u> is/are rejected.			
	Claim(s) <u>7-9</u> is/are objected to.			
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.		
,—	ion Papers	and or orosion roquironion		•
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on _	is: a)□ approved b)□ disa	approved by the Examiner.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required	in reply to this Office action.		
12) 🗌	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	ne Examiner.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	l 19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	•		
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	ments have been received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	ments have been received in App	olication No	
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action for	al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_	
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor			ion)
a	The translation of the foreign languag Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do	e provisional application has bee	n received.	
Attachmen	-			
1) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	8) 5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. Claims 1-3, 6, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McGivern, Jr., '626, newly cited.

McGivern, Jr. '626 shows removal of nickel alloy brazing composition from nickel base alloy components comprising providing a brazed assembly of nickel-based alloy components joined by a nickel alloy brazing composition, immersing the assembly in an electrolyte, applying a potential across the electrolyte* at a magnitude wherein the nickel base alloy components are electrochemically passive and the nickel alloy brazing composition dissolves whereby the brazing composition is removed from the components. (See col. 1, lines 45-68; and col. 4, lines 24-35).

Applicants' claim 2 recites mineral acid* which is commonly known as hydrochloric acid, which is as recited by applicants' claim 3 and shown by the reference at col. 3, lines 30-31.

The alloy component and brazing compositions of applicants' claims 6 and 10 are disclosed at col. 6, lines 15-30 of the reference.

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*((Mineral acids (Chem.), inorganic acids, as sulphuric, nitric, phosphoric, hydrochloric, acids, etc., as distinguished from the <u>organic acids</u>. See http://dictionary.reference.com/search?q=mineral%20acids Copyright © 2003, Lexico Publishing Group, LLC. All rights reserved. About Dictionary.com).)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McGivern, Jr., as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Brucken et al.

McGivern teaches a potential of .0.95 v. measured against a mercury-mercury sulfate reference electrode, this voltage being within the range of applicants' claim 4. McGivern teaches a mercury-mercury sulfate reference electrode, but not a silver-silver chloride reference electrode for indicating the potential. (See col. 3, lines 60-65 and col. 4, lines 14-21).

Brucken et al teaches a potential measuring cell with reference electrodes where the reference electrode may be one of silver-silver chloride electrode or mercury-mercury sulphate electrodes. (See column 3, lines 15-25).

In the absence of any unexpected results, it would be considered within the skill of the art to substitute an equivalent reference electrode, 'such as', e.g., one described as being equivalent to the mercury-mercury sulfate electrode of McGivern, Jr., because Brucken suggests the mercury-mercury sulfate reference

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electrode as exemplary of equivalent choices of reference electrodes, e.g., silversilver chloride electrode being, equivalent to mercury-mercury sulfate electrode.

4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McGivern, Jr., as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Speirs et al.

McGivern et al do not disclose that the brazing composition has a lower melting point than the components.

Speirs et al disclose a brazed component in which stainless steel elements are brazed together to form brazed joints comprising vane/shroud assemblies in which the braze is a non-ferrous alloy based on an alloy metal (see col. 1, lines 50-55). Speirs et al also disclose that the non-ferrous brazing alloy must have a lower melting point than the metal substrates being joined. (See col. 4, lines 30-35).

It would be considered within the skill of the art to expect the brazing alloy of McGivern et al to have a lower melting point than the joined components because the nature of the brazing process requires that the brazing compound have this physical property in order to enable making a proper joint. It would be further obvious to modify the compositions because McGivern et al suggest that there would be no reason to believe that the method of McGivern et al would not work on other braze compositions. (See col. 6, lines 23-35), especially since the reaction

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is dependent on selecting appreciate voltage values to determine the optimum conditions to conduct the process.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 5. Claims 7-9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The references of record do not show or suggest a brazing composition which has Cr: 7.0% wt; B: 3.10% wt; Si: 4.50% wt.; Fe: 3.0% wt.; C: 01.06 % wt. Max and Ni: remainder.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Lucas and Fountain each show treatment of braze alloys.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donald R. Valentine whose telephone number is 703-308-3327. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King can be reached on 703-308-1146. The fax phone

numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Donald R. Valentine Primary Examiner Art Unit 1742

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August 6, 2003